291 WATSON AVENUE RESIDENTIAL REDEVELOPMENT WINDSOR, ON

PARKING STUDY

Prepared by:

RC SPENCER ASSOCIATES INC.
Consulting Engineers

Windsor: 800 University Avenue W. - Windsor ON N9A 5R9 Leamington: 18 Talbot Street W. - Leamington ON N8H 1M4 Chatham-Kent: 49 Raleigh Street - Chatham ON N7M 2M6

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291 WATSON AVENUE RESIDENTIAL REDEVELOPMENT, WINDSOR, ON PARKING STUDY (NOVEMBER 2024)

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- Multifamily Housing (Low-Rise)
 - o Per Dwelling Unit

INTRODUCTION AND BACKGROUND

A low-rise residential apartment building is proposed to replace a single-family dwelling at 291 Watson Avenue, in Windsor, Ontario. The subject property is located on the northwest corner of Watson Avenue at Clairview Avenue and is currently occupied by a single-detached home. Watson Avenue is a short (280m) residential roadway which begins at Riverside Drive East and runs south to Clairview Avenue. Watson Avenue continues on the south side of the Ganatchio Trail and extends southerly to Little River Road. Clairview Avenue is an east / west residential collector roadway running from Matthew Brady Boulevard at the west to Watson Avenue at the east. This development is proposed for construction in a single phase and is to be serviced via a single access at Clairview Avenue.

The developer is proposing a 3-storey residential building comprised of three 1-bedroom and six 2-bedroom dwelling units. Each floor will consist of one 1-bedroom and two 2-bedroom units. The development is to be supplemented by ten vehicle parking spaces. The site plan is provided in **Appendix A**.

The City's zoning bylaw (minimum 1.25 parking spaces per unit) requires at least 11 spaces for the nine units; accordingly, a variance is required for the shortfall of two parking spaces. Transportation Planning has indicated that they will accept the proposal if a parking study can sufficiently justify the reduction in required parking spaces. Therefore, this study will consider the anticipated peak parking demand in comparison to the proposed on-site parking supply.

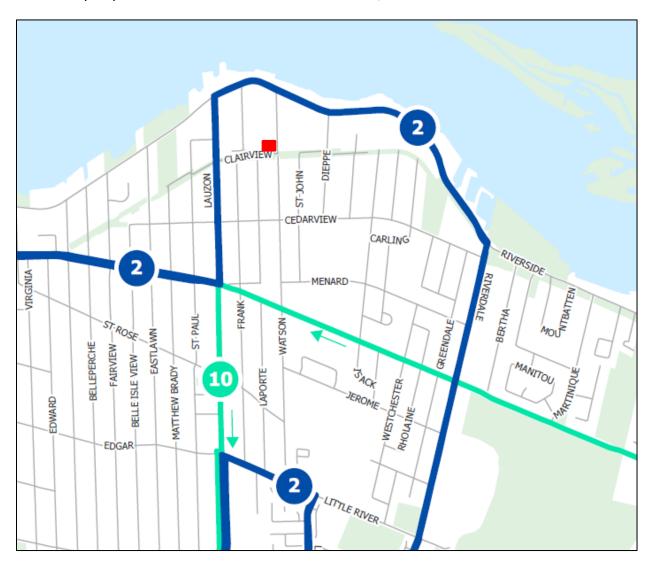
ITE PARKING GENERATION MANUAL VS. WINDSOR BYLAW REQUIREMENTS

The Institute of Transportation Engineers (ITE) Parking Generation Manual (6th Edition) reports parking demand studies and statistics from various land uses across North America. The applicable land use codes are referenced in **Appendix B**. For Multi-family Housing (Low-Rise) – 1 Bedroom (Land Use Code 220), peak parking demand is estimated at a rate of 0.93 spaces per each 1-bedroom unit. For Multi-family Housing (Low-Rise) – 2 Bedroom (Land Use Code 217), peak parking demand is estimated at a rate of 1.27 spaces per each 2-bedroom unit. As noted, the developer is planning for three 1-bedroom units and six 2-bedroom units; accordingly, the ITE's average rate suggests that a minimum of 10.4 parking spaces (2.8 for the three 1-bedroom units and 7.6 for the six 2-bedroom units) will suffice.

As stated in the City's zoning bylaw, "If the calculation of the number of required parking spaces results in a number containing a fraction, the number shall be rounded DOWN to the nearest whole number". Applying this to the ITE calculations suggests that the subject development's peak parking demand should not exceed the proposed 10-space parking supply.



Although the proposed parking supply should sufficiently accommodate the peak parking demand on its own, transit and active transportation options were also evaluated. Currently, Windsor Transit provides two Route 2 stops on Lauzon Road less than 300m from the site. Additional transit routes are also provided along Wyandotte Street West. The below Windsor Transit map depicts the routes available around the site; the site is identified with a red box:



Active transportation facilities are also provided within the study area; the Ganatchio Trail runs along the south side of Clairview Avenue; these provisions should encourage increased resident use of alternative active transportation and transit options. It should also be noted that onstreet parking is permitted on the west side of Watson Avenue and on the north side of Clairview Avenue. Based on the provided metrics and area characteristics, it is the engineers' opinion that the ten proposed on-site parking spaces should sufficiently accommodate the peak parking demand generated by the proposed 9-unit, low-rise residential building.



SUMMARY AND CONCLUSIONS

A low-rise residential apartment building is proposed to replace a single-family dwelling at 291 Watson Avenue, in Windsor, Ontario; the subject property is located on the northwest corner of Watson Avenue at Clairview Avenue. The development is to be serviced via a single access at Clairview Avenue.

The City's zoning bylaw (minimum 1.25 parking spaces per unit) requires at least 11 spaces for the nine units; however, the ITE Parking Generation Manual (6th Edition) references suggest that a minimum parking supply of ten spaces could sufficiently accommodate the subject development's nine units. Furthermore, on-street parking is permitted on the west side of Watson Avenue and on the north side of Clairview Avenue, and the proposed development is close to existing active transportation facilities and reliable transit options. Therefore, the site's modal split could further reduce the peak parking demand.

Accordingly, it is the engineers' opinion that the proposed on-site parking supply (of ten parking spaces) should adequately accommodate the peak parking demand generated by the subject low-rise residential development proposal.

All of which is respectfully submitted,

RC Spencer Associates Inc.

Professional Traffic Operations Engineer

Aaron D. Blata, M.Eng., P.Eng., PTOE, RSP1 Consulting Engineer, Road Safety Professional & **Associate / Leamington Office Manager**



Richard ¢. Spencer, M.A.Sc., P.Eng., PE Consulting Engineer &

Fellow ITE Member

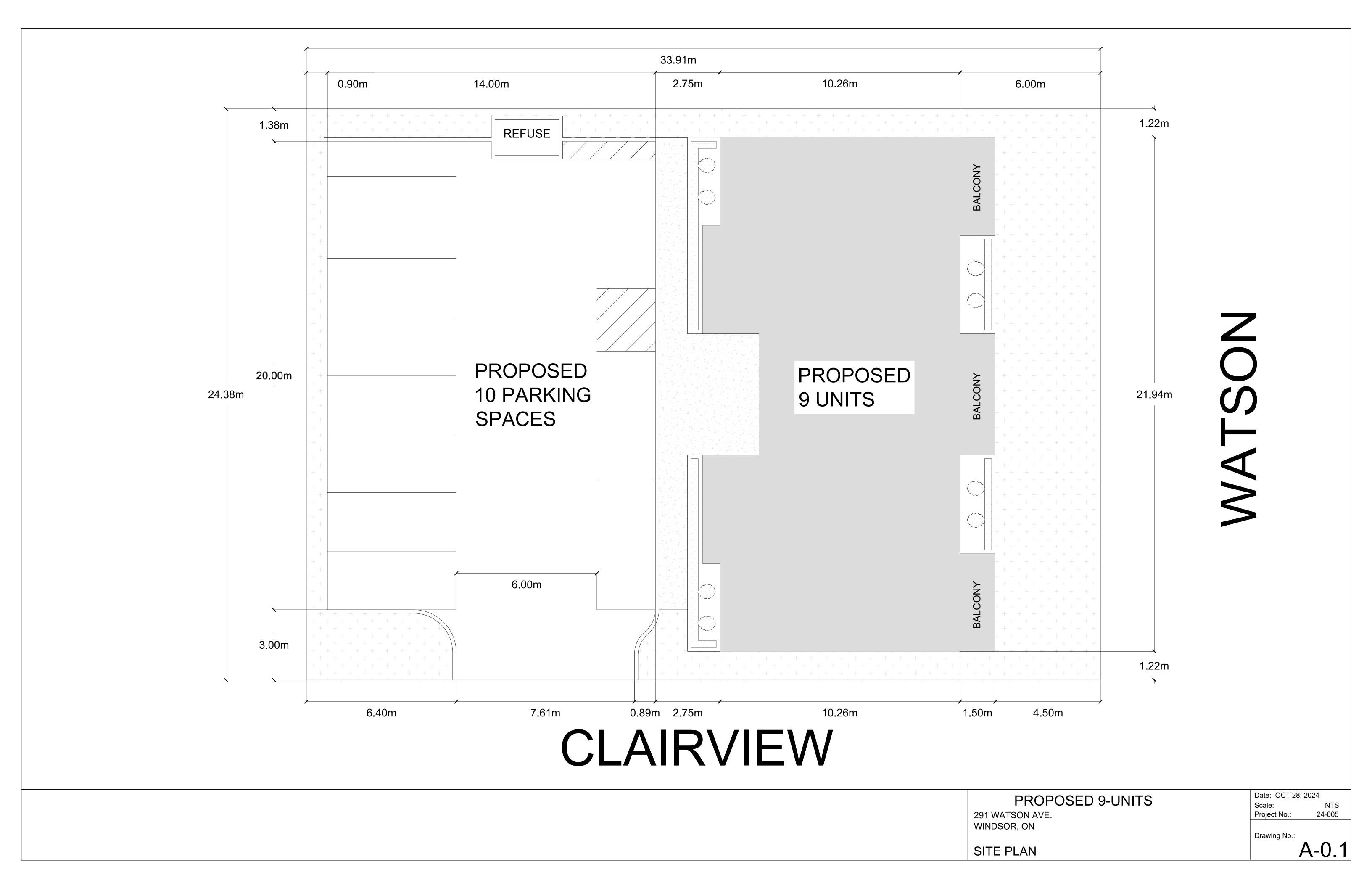
President / Windsor Office Manager





Appendix A

SITE PLAN



Appendix B

ITE PARKING GENERATION MANUAL – 6TH EDITION REFERENCES

Multifamily Housing - 1 BR (Low-Rise) - Not Close to Rail Transit (217)

Peak Period Parking Demand vs: Dwelling Units

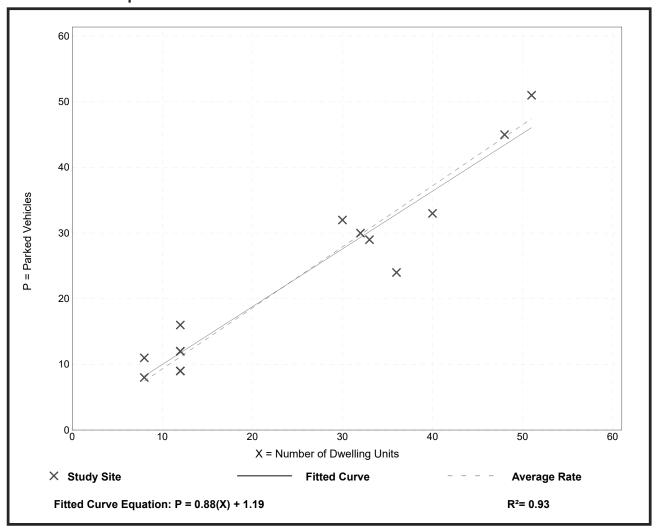
On a: Weekday (Monday - Friday)
Setting/Location: General Urban/Suburban

Number of Studies: 14 Avg. Num. of Dwelling Units: 25

Peak Period Parking Demand per Dwelling Unit

Average Rate	Range of Rates	33rd / 85th Percentile	95% Confidence Interval	Standard Deviation (Coeff. of Variation)
0.93	0.67 - 1.38	0.88 / 1.27	***	0.16 (17%)

Data Plot and Equation



Parking Generation Manual, 6th Edition • Institute of Transportation Engineers

Multifamily Housing - 2+ BR (Low-Rise) - Not Close to Rail Transit (220)

Peak Period Parking Demand vs: Dwelling Units

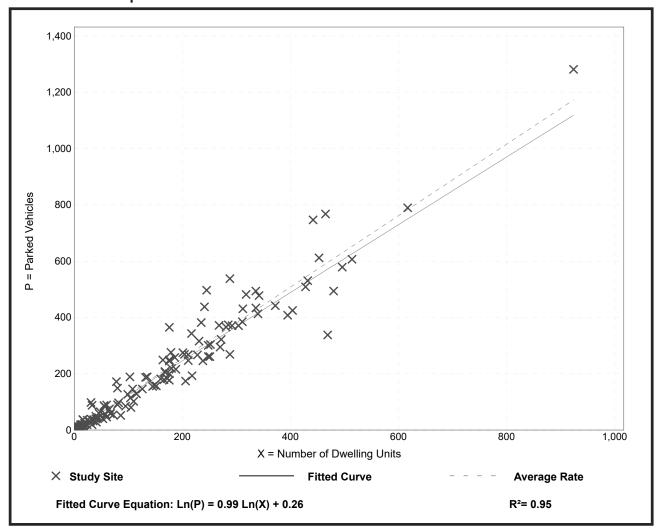
On a: Weekday (Monday - Friday)
Setting/Location: General Urban/Suburban

Number of Studies: 143 Avg. Num. of Dwelling Units: 154

Peak Period Parking Demand per Dwelling Unit

Average Rate	Range of Rates	33rd / 85th Percentile	95% Confidence Interval	Standard Deviation (Coeff. of Variation)
1.27	0.58 - 3.16	1.07 / 1.59	1.22 - 1.32	0.29 (23%)

Data Plot and Equation



Parking Generation Manual, 6th Edition • Institute of Transportation Engineers

Proposed Site Development Parking Generation

Project:	291 Watson Avenue				
Site:	Windsor, Ontario				
Assumed Land Use:	Multifamily Housing	- 1BR (Low-Rise) - ITE No. 217			
Peak Period Parking Demand vs:		Dwelling Units			
ITE Parking Generat	ion Data collected or	a: Weekday			
AM Peak Hour:	0.93	= Average Rate			
Assumed Land Use:	Multifamily Housing	- 1BR (Low-Rise) - ITE No. 217			
	No. of Units	Peak Parking Required			
Weekday	3	2.8			
Assumed Land Use: Multifamily Housing - 2+BR (Low-Rise) - ITE No. 220 Peak Period Parking Demand vs: Dwelling Units					
Peak Period Parking		Dwelling Units			
Peak Period Parking	g Demand vs:	Dwelling Units			
Peak Period Parking ITE Parking Generat AM Peak Hour:	g Demand vs: ion Data collected or 1.27	Dwelling Units a: Weekday = Average Rate			
Peak Period Parking ITE Parking Generat AM Peak Hour:	g Demand vs: ion Data collected or 1.27	Dwelling Units a: Weekday			
Peak Period Parking ITE Parking Generat AM Peak Hour:	Demand vs: ion Data collected or 1.27 Multifamily Housing	Dwelling Units a: Weekday = Average Rate - 2+BR (Low-Rise) - ITE No. 220			
Peak Period Parking ITE Parking Generat AM Peak Hour: Assumed Land Use:	ion Data collected or 1.27 Multifamily Housing No. of Units	Dwelling Units a: Weekday = Average Rate - 2+BR (Low-Rise) - ITE No. 220 Peak Parking Required			
Peak Period Parking ITE Parking Generat AM Peak Hour: Assumed Land Use:	ion Data collected or 1.27 Multifamily Housing No. of Units	Dwelling Units a: Weekday = Average Rate - 2+BR (Low-Rise) - ITE No. 220 Peak Parking Required			
Peak Period Parking ITE Parking Generat AM Peak Hour: Assumed Land Use:	ion Data collected or 1.27 Multifamily Housing No. of Units	Dwelling Units a: Weekday = Average Rate - 2+BR (Low-Rise) - ITE No. 220 Peak Parking Required 7.6			
Peak Period Parking ITE Parking Generat AM Peak Hour: Assumed Land Use: Weekday	Demand vs: ion Data collected or 1.27 Multifamily Housing No. of Units 6	Dwelling Units a: Weekday = Average Rate - 2+BR (Low-Rise) - ITE No. 220 Peak Parking Required 7.6			
Peak Period Parking ITE Parking Generat AM Peak Hour: Assumed Land Use: Weekday	Demand vs: ion Data collected or 1.27 Multifamily Housing No. of Units 6	Dwelling Units a: Weekday = Average Rate - 2+BR (Low-Rise) - ITE No. 220 Peak Parking Required 7.6			