



MTE File No.: 48807-100
MTE Contact: Dave Hayman

Project Name: 1095-1185 North Talbot Road

Natural Environment

Date: April 29, 2021

Client/Owner: Bellocorp (Main Contact: Tosin Bello)

Address: 55 Lebovic Avenue, Toronto, ON, M1L 2TZ

Email: bellocorpdevelopments@gmail.com

Assessment: The Subject Lands provide potentially suitable nesting habitat for Yellow-breasted Chat [END]. Presence/ absence of this species will be determined through field investigations in 2021. If Yellow-breasted Chat [END] are not observed nesting within the Subject Lands, encounters with this species are expected to be incidental. Butler's Gartersnake [END] and Eastern Foxsnake [END] were reported by ORAA within 10km of the Subject Lands. However, NHIC records indicate that observations of Butler's Gartersnake [END] and Eastern Foxsnake [END] are at least 2km and at least 4km from the site, respectively, and the site is isolated from the records and suitable habitats by significant movement barriers, such as residential development, roads, and divided highways. Additionally, the site has limited area of suitable habitat to support isolated populations of these species. Therefore, Butler's Gartersnake [END] and Eastern Foxsnake [END] are not expected to be using the site. Although unlikely, incidental encounters with protected reptiles will be managed following the general mitigation measures provided (Page 3 and Appendix B). If Yellow-breasted Chat is not observed to be using the Subject Lands during breeding bird surveys, and provided mitigation measures are followed, is our opinion that MECP will not consider the proposed activity to be in contravention of the ESA.

Property Information	See Location Figure Attached [Figure 1] ✓ Yes □ No				
Lot, Concession, Co	ounty, City: Lot 306, Essex County, City of	Windsor			
GPS Centroid:	17T 336652mE 4678617mN				
Figures and Background Data Attachments:	Site Location Map Attached [Figure 1] Vegetation Map Attached [Figure 2] Site Photos Attached [Figure 3] Proponent Proposal [Figures 4] NHIC Data Attached Ontario Breeding Bird Atlas Attached eBird Data Attached Ontario Reptile and Amphibian Atlas Attached iNaturalist Data Attached Mitigation Measures [Page 3 & Appendix B] Field Sheets [Appendix A] Aquatic SAR Report	<pre> ✓ Yes □ No (1km² 17LG3678) ✓ Yes □ No (10km², 17LG37) ✓ Yes □ No (2km radius) ✓ Yes □ No (10km², 17LG37) ✓ Yes □ No (2km radius) ✓ Yes □ No (2km radius) ✓ Yes □ No ✓ Yes □ No</pre> ✓ Yes □ No □ Yes ✓ No			
Similar to LIO Maps? ✓ Similar □ Not Similar Explanation:					
Site Description, Current Status of Vegetation and History of Maintenance The Subject Lands are located southeast of the intersection of North Talbot Rd and Southwood Lakes Blvd in the City of Windsor. The Subject Lands are primarily overgrown fields with a history of clearing and the surrounding area is primarily residential. Three vegetation communities were assessed within the Subject Lands.					



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Site Investigation Dates: March 9, 2021

March 22, 2021

Community 1 is an Eastern Red Cedar and Red Maple dominant Mineral Cultural Thicket community (CUT1) located in the east of the Subject Lands. Gray Dogwood, Common Buckthorn and Red Maple dominate the sub-canopy. At the time of the site visit, the area was recently cut by hand to approximately 2 to 5 metres in height.

Community 2 is a Mineral Cultural Thicket community (CUT1) located directly west of Community 1. This vegetation community is dominated by Eastern White Pine, Norway Spruce and Eastern Cottonwood in the canopy. American Elm, Red Ash and Bur Oak dominate the sub-canopy. The understorey is largely comprised of Gray Dogwood, Common Buckthorn and Hawthorn.

Community 3 is an Eastern Cottonwood dominant Mineral Cultural Meadow community (CUM1). This community is in the northwest corner of the Subject Lands and extends into adjacent lands to the west. The understorey is dominated by Multiflora Rose and Gray Dogwood.

Site Investigations
Summary Based on
Review of
Background
Information and
Current Site
Conditions

The Natural Heritage Information Center (NHIC) identifies Endangered [END], Threatened [THR] and other rare species with the potential to be found on or near the Subject Lands [Attached]. Additional life science data available for the general area was also reviewed [Attached].

Life Science Surveys:

General Field Investigation

Vegetation – A three-season floral inventory (ongoing); ELC

Amphibian Monitoring Survey (ongoing)

Results of Site Investigations [Field Sheets]:

 Although field investigations are still ongoing, no Protected Species have been identified within the Subject Lands

Proposed Activitie	es established to the second of the second o
Description of Proposal:	The proponent is proposing the development of a residential subdivision containing 34 units with associated roads.
Timing and Duration	on of Proposed Activity: 2021-2026
History and Plann	ing
Planning Amendments:	A zoning amendment is required to remove the holding provision from the parcel. Based on Official Plan designations, the City of Windsor has confirmed that an EER is not required for the application.
Existing Status:	Official Plan: Residential Zoning: Residential Division zoning with a holding provision (HRD1.4)
Past MECP Corres	spondence , if any: None
Summary Conclus	sion (NHIC and Citizen Science Data, Site Investigation)



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Based on site investigations and a review of all background data, ESA concerns on the Subject Lands are limited to potential impacts to Yellow-breasted Chat [END], Butler's Gartersnake [END], and Eastern Foxsnake [END].

Yellow-breasted Chat [END] was identified by Citizen Science data as potentially present on or near the Subject Lands. Potentially suitable nesting habitat is present for this species in the dense shrub vegetation located within Community 2. A standard two-visit breeding bird survey will be completed in June 2021 to confirm the presence of this species. Development activities should adhere to mitigation measures and guidelines if breeding individuals are observed.

Butler's Gartersnake [END] was identified by Ontario Reptile and Amphibian Atlas (ORAA) data, which uses 10km incidence squares, as potentially present on or near the Subject Lands. Although potential habitat for Butler's Gartersnake [END] is present within the Subject Lands (open/moist habitats and old fields), recorded observations of this species are located more than 2km from the site. This species is only likely to travel up to 380m and the land between the observation area and the site is separated from the recorded observations by highways and residential areas with no movement corridor between the site and the observations (SARA Recovery Strategy for the Butler's Gartersnake in Canada, 2018). Therefore, Butler's Gartersnake [END] is not expected to be found within the Subject Lands.

Eastern Foxsnake [END] was also identified within 10km of the site by ORAA data. Although potential habitat for Eastern Foxsnake [END] is present within the Subject Lands, the surrounding area does not support habitat as it is primarily residential developments. Foxsnake [END] are listed as Restricted Species by the NHIC, and the nearest observations of Restricted Species recorded by the NHIC are at least 4km away from the site. As there are significant barriers to movement that isolate the site from the recorded observations (highways, roads, and residential development) with no potential movement corridors, and the average home range of this species is 1.5km (Carolinian Population Habitat Regulation), this species is not expected to be using the site.

Based on the lack of linkage to recorded populations, and limited amount of preferred habitat (open and edge habitats including meadows, grasslands, and savannahs), the site is not expected so support populations of Butler's Garternsake [END] or Eastern Foxsnake [END]. Although protected reptiles are not likely to be using the site, activities will follow mitigation measures provided (Page 3 and Appendix B) as an added measure.

It is our opinion that the proposed activity will not contravene the ESA as long as recommended mitigation measures are followed.

Mitigation Measures

Mitigation measures to avoid potential impacts to Yellow-breasted Chat [END], and protected reptiles should be followed to prevent against potential contraventions of the *Endangered Species Act (ESA, 2007)* or *Migratory Birds Convention Act* (MBCA, consolidated 2010).

If the Subject Lands are not observed to be used by Yellow-breasted Chat [END] during 2021 breeding bird studies, encounters with this species during project-related construction are expected to be incidental. Construction staff will be made aware of the potential presence of Yellow-breasted Chat [END] on the construction site. Vegetation removal activities should take place outside of the nesting season (no construction from May1 – July 31). If construction occurs during nesting season, the area must be inspected by a qualified biologist for nesting birds. If no nests are located, vegetation clearing can proceed.





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Although unlikely, encounters with Butler's Gartersnake [END] and Eastern Foxsnake [END] will be mitigated to ensure the *Endangered Species Act (ESA*, 2007) is not contravened. Mitigation measures will include awareness training, strategic vegetation clearing, wildlife exclusion and erosion control fencing, equipment inspection, proper site maintenance and management, and implementation of encounter and reporting protocols (Appendix B).

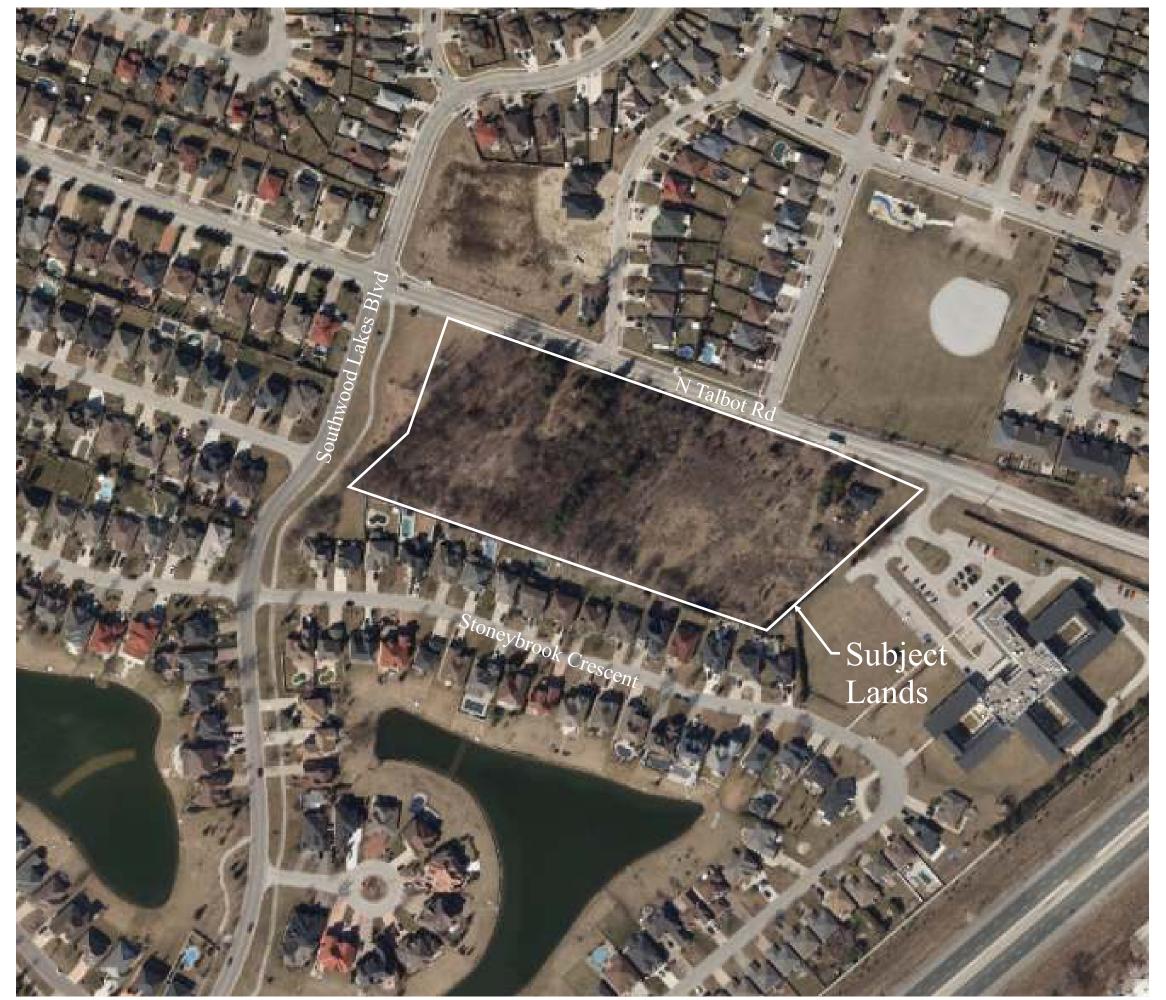


Figure 1: Site Location (County of Essex Mapping, 2021)



* Locations are approximate and should be verified by survey where necessary.

Print on 11X17, Landscape Orientation

0 40

Scale 1:2000 March 2021





Figure 2: Vegetation Communities (County of Essex Mapping, 2021)



Legend

1 CUT1 - Mineral Cultural Thicket (1.02ha)

2 CUT1 - Mineral Cultural Thicket (1.58ha)

3 CUM1 - Mineral Cultural Meadow (0.23ha)

* Locations are approximate and should be verified by survey where necessary.

Print on 11X17, Landscape Orientation

0 25

Scale 1:1250 March 2021





Figure 3: Site Photos (County of Essex Mapping, 2021)



Legend

1 CUT1 - Mineral Cultural Thicket (1.02ha)

2 CUT1 - Mineral Cultural Thicket (1.58ha)

3 CUM1 - Mineral Cultural Meadow (0.23ha)

* Locations are approximate and should be verified by survey where necessary.

Print on 11X17, Landscape Orientation

0 20

Scale 1:1000 March 2021



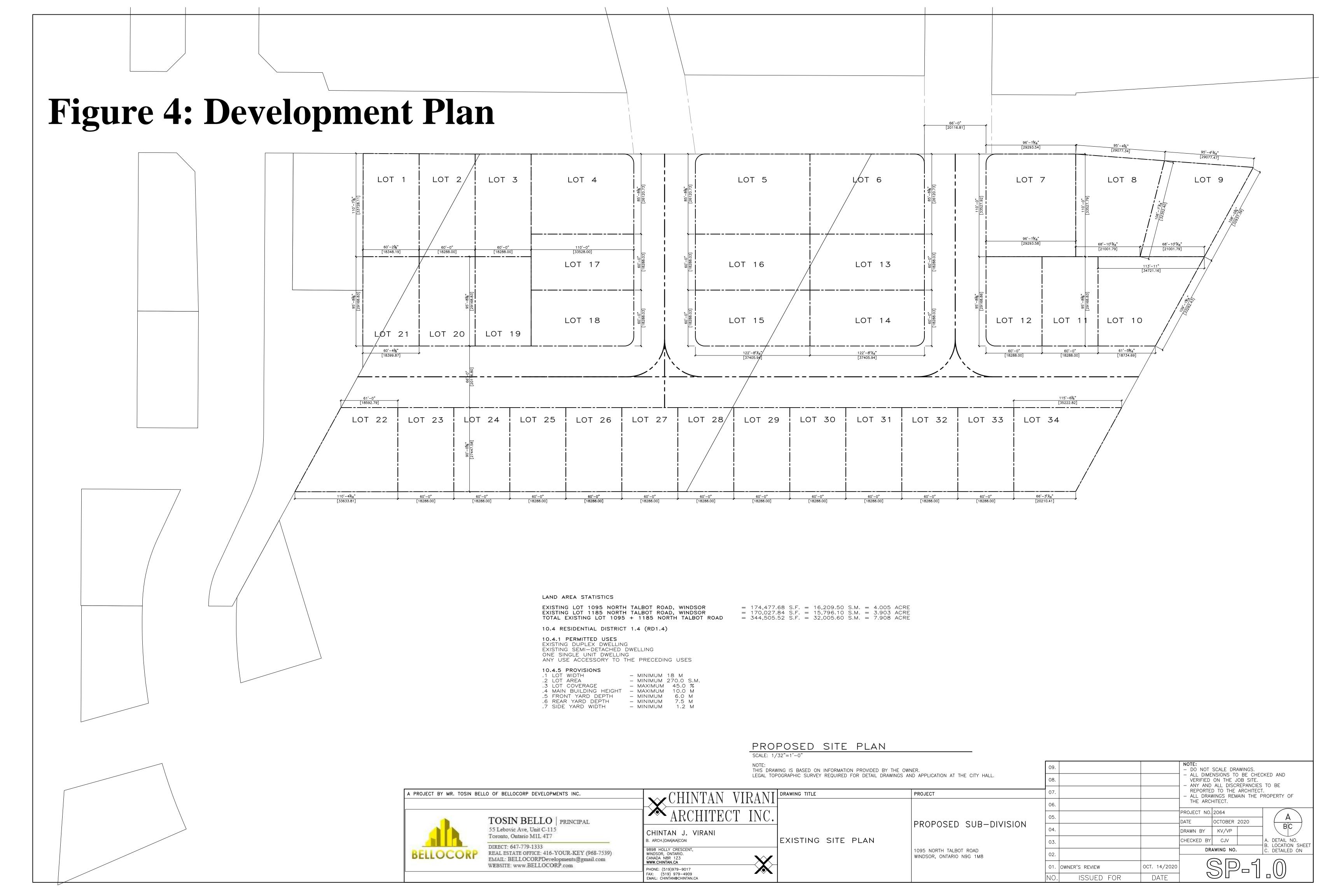




Figure 5: Development Overlay (County of Essex Mapping, 2021)



Legend

1 CUT1 - Mineral Cultural Thicket (1.02ha)

2 CUT1 - Mineral Cultural Thicket (1.58ha)

3 CUM1 - Mineral Cultural Meadow (0.23ha)

* Locations are approximate and should be verified by survey where necessary. Print on 11X17, Landscape Orientation 0 20

Scale 1:1000 March 2021





Primar	v 1km² –	17LG3678
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Common Name	Scientific Name	S Rank	SARO Status
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Adjacent to Primary 1km² – 17LG3579, 17LG3679, 17LG3779, 17LG3778, 17LG3577, 17LG3577, 17LG3578

Common Name	Scientific Name	S Rank	SARO Status
Kentucky Coffee Tree	Gymnocladus dioicus	S2	THR

A number of relatively common and/or widespread species and habitats protected under the ESA are under-represented or unevaluated within the NHIC Database. As a result, surveyors included the following species and habitats as a component of site investigations, including: Candidate Myotis [END] Roost Trees, Butternut [END], American Chestnut [END] and habitat (burrows) for American Badger [END].

NHIC Data Review

Kentucky Coffee Tree [THR]:

The Subject Lands do not offer suitable moist, rich soils for this species. There were no individuals observed during general field investigations.

Summary:

Site investigations, including a General Field Investigation and Ecological Land Classification, did not locate any species identified by NHIC within or adjacent to the Subject Lands. Based on habitat preferences, vegetation communities and features present, the Subject Lands do not contain potential habitat for Kentucky Coffee Tree [THR]. This species was not observed during site investigations.



Citizen Science Data Review

Ontario Breeding Bird Atlas (2005)

(within 10km Square 17LG37 which includes Project Site)

Species	SARO Rank	Max. Breeding Evidence	Protected or Suitable Habitat	NHIC
Bank Swallow	THR	Adult entering nest	None	No
Barn Swallow	THR	Recently fledged young	None	No
Bobolink	THR	Bird visiting site	None	No
Chimney Swift	THR	Suitable habitat	None	No
Eastern Meadowlark	THR	Adult carrying food	None	No
Yellow-breasted Chat	END	Singing male	Potential	No

eBird

(within 2 km from Project Site)

Species	SARO Rank	Observation Date	Protected or Suitable Habitat	NHIC
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

iNaturalist

(Research Grade; Threatened within 2km from Project Site)

Species	SARO Rank	Observation Date	Protected or Suitable Habitat	NHIC
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Ontario Reptile and Amphibian Atlas

(within 10km Square 17LG37 which includes Project Site)

Species	SARO Rank	Observation Date	Suitable Protected Habitat?	NHIC
Butler's Gartersnake	END	2017	Potential	No
Eastern Foxsnake	END	2018	Potential	No
Massasauga	END	2017	None	No

Additional Citizen Science Data Summary Review

A number of species protected under the *ESA* (2007) have been identified through various citizen science projects within the vicinity of the Subject Lands. Habitat requirements for these species were reviewed and compared to the vegetation communities present within the Subject Lands.

Bank Swallow [THR]:

There are no vertical banks of silt or sand deposits within the Subject Lands to provide nesting opportunities for this species, and no individuals of this species were observed during field investigations.

Barn Swallow [THR]:

No suitable nesting habitat structures, including barns and buildings, are present within the Subject Lands to provide nesting opportunities for this species. No individuals were observed within the Subject Lands during site investigations.

MTE

Citizen Science Data Review

Bobolink [THR] & Eastern Meadowlark [THR]:

No tall grass meadows were identified within or adjacent to the Subject Lands to provide nesting opportunities for grassland birds. No Bobolink [THR] or Eastern Meadowlark [THR] individuals were observed during field investigations.

Chimney Swift [THR]:

There are no suitable chimney structures or buildings within the Subject Lands to provide this species with roosting opportunities. No individuals were observed during field investigations.

Yellow-breasted Chat [END]:

There is suitable nesting habitat for this species (overgrown thickets and shrub) within the Subject Lands. No individuals were identified within the Subject Lands during site investigations.

Butler's Gartersnake [END]:

There is suitable habitat for this species (open, moist habitats and old fields) within the Subject Lands. Potential hibernacula (potential crayfish burrow habitat, rock piles) was also observed within the Subject Lands. However, the Ontario Reptile and Amphibian Atlas (ORAA) data uses 10km incidence squares and Butler's Gartersnake [END] were not recorded by the NHIC within or adjacent to the site. NHIC records for this species are at least 2km away, and the intervening area is dense residential, with highways and roads posing significant movement barriers. Therefore, the presence of this species within the Subject Lands is unlikely. No individuals were identified during field investigations.

Eastern Foxsnake [END]:

There is suitable habitat (old fields, hedgerows, fallen logs) within the Subject Lands. Rock piles observed on site may provide suitable hibernaculum. No individuals were observed during site investigations. However, the Ontario Reptile and Amphibian Atlas (ORAA) data uses 10km incidence squares and observations of restricted species (which include Eastern Foxsnake [END]) were not recorded by the NHIC within or adjacent to the site. NHIC records for restricted species are at least 4km away, and the intervening area is dense residential, with highways and roads posing significant movement barriers. Therefore, the presence of this species within the Subject Lands is unlikely. No individuals were identified during field investigations.

Massasauga (Carolinian Populations) [END]:

There are no tall grass prairies, bogs, marshes, forests, or shorelines to provide suitable habitat for this species. No individuals were observed during field investigations.

Summary: Citizen Science Data

The Subject Lands may contain suitable habitat for Yellow-breasted Chat [END]. Suitable habitat is also present for Butler's Gartersnake [END] and Eastern Foxsnake [END], however, records of these species are from at least 2km and 4km away, respectively, and the site is isolated by dense residential development and significant movement barriers (roads and highways). No individuals of the above listed species were observed during site investigations. No suitable habitat for any of the other above listed Protected Species were identified within the Subject Lands based on previously discussed investigation results and background data review (Ontario.ca).

Appendix A

Field Sheets





WEATHER CONDITIONS

Reptiles Inverterbrates FEATURES (with GPS co-ordinates)

Rock Piles Garbage Natural Vegetation:

Wildlife Features:

Aquatic Features:

swale open drain ☐ open drain☐ Seeps/Springs Incidental Observations/Notes:

☐ natural stream

Man-made Structures:

Temp.

130

Yes No

DATA FOCUS

GENERAL SITE INFORMATI				Ω ,	
Project: 48807-100 Date: Mas 9, 2021	095	North Ta	1 bot	Kol.	
Date: $M_{AC} = \frac{100}{100}$ Collector(s): $M_{AC} = \frac{100}{100}$ Time started: $M_{CO} = \frac{100}{100}$ NHIC Liet $M_{CO} = \frac{100}{100}$		Project Ma			
Collector(s): WH Time started W a Time finished US A	Cami	ainad aallaa	Visit #:	ira. I i	
Time started: 代の Time finished: 15:30 NHIC List MNR EO's none		not provid	ded to c	ollector	
ER CONDITIONS		WIND SCA	LE		
Wind: Cloud Cover (%) Precipitation	0	Calm			
Direction: beauty Today: O	1	Smoke Drift			
Yesterday:	2	Wind Felt o			l
ocus	3	Leaves in c			
Birds 12_ Mig ELC's Dripline/Tree Surv	<i>'</i> ⊢			nd paper	- 1
Mammals Floral V_S_A_ Aquatic - Physical	5	Small trees			
Amphibians 1_ 2_ 3_ Wetland Aquatic - Biologica					
Reptiles Butternut (BHA) X Faunal Habitat	7	Lots of resis			king into
Inverterbrates other SAR Other - see notes	8				
ES (with GPS co-ordinates where applicable)		Mapped	Apply Service Control Service	low-up R	190-03 (2000 AC 2000 COLUMN
de Structures: None observed		UTM	Yes	No	Who
Barns/Footings/Wells/other(list)					
Rock Piles ? denth		\vee	\checkmark		SNAKS
Garbage					
Vegetation: None observed					
Fallen Logs outside woods (#'s) recently pushed with DOZE	<u> </u>	\checkmark	<u> </u>		
Brush Piles			\vee		1'
Snags (raptor perch)					
Tree Cavities (nesting)					
Sentinel Trees				<u> </u>	
Butternut Identified					
Mast Trees (6E) Berry Shrubs (6E)					
Features: None observed					
Waterfowl nesting (large #'s, # of species)				ļ	
Exposed Banks (nesting swallows)					
Stick Nests					
Animal Burrows (>10cm)					
Heronry					
Crayfish mounds candidate habitat.			$\overline{}$		Summer
Sand/gravel on site					
Marsh/open country/shrub					
Winter Deer yards					
Corridor from pond to woods (ampibian movement)					
Bat corridor (shorelines, escarpments)					
Bat hibernacula (caves, mines, crevices, etc.)					
Features:					
Perm. pond in woodland emergents/submergents/logs temp.					
Perm. pond in open emergents/submergents/logs temp.					
Water in woodland pools flowing dry					
Waterways flowing dry pools				<u> </u>	
natural stream					
swale None observed				ļ <u>'</u>	
open drain				ļ	· .
Seeps/Springs		<u></u>		<u> </u>	
al Observations/Notes:				 	
- road R.O.W. cleared recently.				 	ļ
- neighbours S. have created brushpiles for				ļ	
Coolditat through improper management ie-					
construction parbage,					
- no PROTECTED Ispecies found but candidate		 		-	
nesting and hiberhacula, should be checked					

Graphic		Attached or Name\ENV\Biological Services\Templates\MFENERO_WERO_WERO_WERO	☐ Date:
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Γ	ELC SITE: 488				17-100 POLYGON: [
	COMMUNITY	SURVE	YOR(S)		DATE: May 9, 2021 TI			•			
	DESCRIPTION &		N	N				finish	ו		
L	CLASSIFICATION	UTMZ:		UTN	ΛE:	U ⁻	TMN:				
F	OLYGON DE	SCRII	PTION								
	SYSTEM	SUB	STRAT	E	TOPOGRAPHIC FEATURE	HISTORY	PLA	NT FORM	COMMUNITY		
- 1	TERRESTRIAL				LACUSTRINE	□ NATURAL		ANKTON	LAKE		
1	WETLAND	,	ERAL SOIL		RIVERINE BOTTOMLAND	CULTURAL	☐ FLC	BMERGED DATING-LVD.	☐ POND ☐ RIVER		
ľ	☐ AQUATIC ☐ PARENT MIN. ☐ ACIDIC BEDRK.				TERRACE VALLEY SLOPE		☐ FO		STREAM MARSH		
	☐ BASIC BEDRK.			l r	TABLELAND ROLL. UPLAND			YOPHYTE	SWAMP FEN		
r	SITE CARB. BEDRK.			- 1⊱	J CLIFF TALUS CREVICE / CAVE	COVER	1 □ co	CIDUOUS NIFEROUS	☐ BOG ☐ BARREN		
Ļ				ŀ	JALVAR JROCKLAND	COVER	LI MIX	ŒD	☐ MEADOW ☐ PRAIRIE		
IL	OPEN WATER SHALLOW WATER			F	BEACH / BAR SAND DUNE	OPEN			THICKET SAVANNAH		
Ē	SURFICIAL DEP. BEDROCK			Ė	J BLUFF	SHRUB TREED			☐ WOODLAND ☐ FOREST		
<u>ا</u>	TAND DESCR	PIPTIO	NI.				<u> </u>	· ·	LI PLANTATION		
٢	LAYER	нт	CVR	,	SPECIES IN OR	DER OF DECREAS	ING D	OMINANCE ((up to 4 sp)		
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2	2 aug avery 1 de la					>		•			
3		4		COKN Vac > RHAM cot > ACE					EKIND		
4	-										
HT CODES: 1=>25 m 2=10 <ht 0.5<="" 1="" 10="" 2="" 25="" 3="2<HT" 4="1<HT" 5="0.5<HT" 6="0.2<HT" m="" th=""><th></th></ht>											
	/R CODES	0= NONE	1= 0% <	CVR	10% 2 = 10 < CVR	25% 3= 25 < CVR	60%	4= CVR > 60%	U.5 m 7 = HI <u.2 m<="" th=""></u.2>		
S	AND COMPOSITION	N:				,	- 1		BA:		
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_					< 10	10 - 24	1.55	25 - 50	> 50		
_	FANDING SNAG			\perp	< 10	10 - 24	111000	25 - 50	> 50		
-	EADFALL / LOGS			<u> </u>	< 10	10 - 24	OBSE.	25 - 50	> 50		
, AL	BUNDANCE CODES	5: N:	= NONE	R	= RARE 0 = 0	DCCASIONAL /	A = AB	UNDANT			
C	OMM. AGE:		PIONEE	R	YOUNG	MID-AGE	(an eng	MATURE	OLD		
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┝	DISTURE:			DI	EPTH OF ORGA	ANICS:			(cm)		
	OMOGENEOUS				EPTH TO BEDR	OCK:			(cm)		
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	COMMUNITY SE	ERIES:			ICKET			CUT			
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			1								
	VEGETATION	TYPE:									
	VEGETATION										
		N									

ELC	SITE:									
LLV	POLYGON:									
MANAGEMENT /	DATE:									
DISTURBANCE	SURVEYOR(S):									
DISTURBANCE EXTENT	0	1	2	3	SCORE †					
TIME SINCE LOGGING	> 30 YRS	15 - 30 YRS	5 - 15 YRS	0 - 5 YEARS						
INTENSITY OF LOGGING	NONE	FUEL WOOD	SELECTIVE	DIAMETER LIMIT						
EXTENT OF LOGGING	NONE	LOCAL	WIDESPREAD	EXTENSIVE						
SUGAR BUSH OPERATIONS	NONE	LIGHT	MODERATE	HEAVY						
EXTENT OF OPERATIONS	NONE	LOCAL	WIDESPREAD	EXTENSIVE						
GAPS IN FOREST CANOPY	NONE	SMALL	INTERMEDIATE	LARGE						
EXTENT OF GAPS	NONE	LOCAL	WIDESPREAD	EXTENSIVE						
LIVESTOCK (GRAZING)	NONE	LIGHT	MODERATE	HEAVY						
EXTENT OF LIVESTOCK	NONE	LOCAL	WIDESPREAD	EXTENSIVE	1					
ALIEN SPECIES	NONE	OCCASIONAL	ABUNDANT	DOMINANT						
EXTENT OF ALIEN SPECIES	NONE	LOCAL	WIDESPREAD	EXTENSIVE						
PLANTING (PLANTATION)	NONE	OCCASIONAL.	ABUNDANT	DOMINANT						
EXTENT OF PLANTING	NONE	LOCAL	WIDESPREAD	EXTENSIVE						
TRACKS AND TRAILS	NONE	FAINT TRAILS	WELL MARKED	TRACKS OR						
EXTENT OF TRACKS/TRAILS	NONE	LOCAL	WIDESPREAD	EXTENSIVE						
DUMPING (RUBBISH)	NONE	LIGHT	MODERATE	HEAVY						
EXTENT OF DUMPING	NONE	LOCAL	WIDESPREAD	EXTENSIVE						
EARTH DISPLACEMENT	NONE	LIGHT	MODERATE	HEAVY						
EXTENT OF DISPLACEMENT	NONE	LOCAL	WIDESPREAD	EXTENSIVE	200					
RECREATIONAL USE	NONE	LIGHT	MODERATE	HEAVY						
EXTENT OF RECR, USE	NONE	LOCAL	WIDESPREAD	EXTENSIVE						
NOISE	NONE	SLIGHT	MODERATE	INTENSE						
EXTENT OF NOISE	NONE	LOCAL	WIDESPREAD	EXTENSIVE						
DISEASE/DEATH OF TREES	NONE	LIGHT	MODERATE							
EXTENT OF DISEASE / DEATH	NONE	LOCAL		HEAVY						
og veikon and en	The same of		WIDESPREAD	EXTENSIVE						
WIND THROW (BLOW DOWN)	NONE	LIGHT	MODERATE	HEAVY						
EXTENT OF WIND THROW	NONE	LOCAL	WIDESPREAD	EXTENSIVE						
BROWSE (e.g. DEER)	NONE	LIGHT	MODERATE	HEAVY						
EXTENT OF BROWSE	NONE	LOCAL	WIDESPREAD	EXTENSIVE						
BEAVER ACTIVITY	NONE	LIGHT	MODERATE	HEAVY						
EXTENT OF BEAVER	NONE	LOCAL	WIDESPREAD	EXTENSIVE						
FLOODING (pools & puddling)	NONE	LIGHT	MODERATE	HEAVY						
EXTENT OF FLOODING	NONE	LOCAL	WIDESPREAD	EXTENSIVE						
FIRE	NONE	LIGHT	MODERATE	HEAVY						
EXTENT OF FIRE	NONE	LOCAL	WIDESPREAD	EXTENSIVE						
CE DAMAGE	NONE	LIGHT	MODERATE	HEAVY						
EXTENT OF ICE DAMAGE	NONE	LOCAL	WIDESPREAD	EXTENSIVE						
OTHER	NONE	LIGHT	MODERATE	HEAVY	inter Lighter for the					
EXTENT	NONE	LOCAL	WIDESPREAD	EXTENSIVE						

FIC	SITE: 44807-100
DIANT	POLYGON:
PLANT SPECIES	DATE: Mar 9,2021
LIST	SURVEYOR(S): WN

LAYERS: 1 = CANOPY 2 = SUB-CANOPY 3 = UNDERSTOREY 4 = GROUND (GRD.) LAYER
ABUNDANCE CODES: R = RARE 0 = OCCASIONAL A = ABUNDANT D = DOMINANT

ABUNDANCE CODES: R =	RARI	E 0:	OCC	ASIO	NAL A=
SPECIES CODE		LA	YER	COL.	
	1	2	3	4]
JUNIVIR					
PINUSUL					
ACERCIA					
PINUSY! ACERCUP POPUDE!					
ACERNOG					
FRAXBOR					
ACTRSON					
THE					
Contillant of a					
Property					
	-4.				
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ROSASP					
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THU Joec					
ROSASP CORNSEY THUJOCA CORNOBI					
ROSAMUI					
CANTO					
RNAMONT			T		
CORVING	T			25	

ANT D = DOMINANT							
SPECIES CODE			COL.				
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	SITE:		
FIC	SILE:		
PLANT	POLYGON:		
SPECIES	DATE:	4.55. 24.	
LIST	SURVEYOR(S):		

LAYERS: 1 = CANOPY 2 = SUB-CANOPY 3 = UNDERSTOREY 4 = GROUND (GRD.) LAYER

SPECIES CODE		LA'	YER			1	1 1		LA	YER		
SPECIES CODE	7	2	3	4	COL.		SPECIES CODE	1	2	3	4	COL.
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Γ	ELC	SITE:	488	(1)	1-100		POL	YGON: 2			
	COMMUNITY DESCRIPTION &		YOR(S):			DATE: MARY, 2	DATE: MAPA, 2024 TIME: start finish				
L	CLASSIFICATION	UTMZ:		UTM	:	TMN:					
P	OLYGON DE	SCRII	PTION						. 44700		
	SYSTEM	SUB	STRATI	TRATE TOPOGRAPHIC HISTORY PL					COMMUNITY		
	TERRESTRIAL WETLAND AQUATIC	☐ PARI	EANIC ERAL SOIL ENT MIN. DIC BEDRK C BEDRK		LACUSTRINE RIVERINE BOTTOMLAND TERRACE VALLEY SLOPE TABLELAND ROLL. UPLAND	□ NATURAL □ CULTURAL	SL GFL GFC LIC BF	CHEN RYOPHYTE	LAKE POND RIVER STREAM MARSH SWAMP FEN		
	OPEN WATER SHALLOW WATER SURFICIAL DEP. BEDROCK	l	B. BEDRK	DRK. CLIFF		☐ CC	CIDUOUS NIFEROUS XED	BOG BARREN MEADOW PRAIRIE THICKET SAVANNAH WOODLAND FOREST PLANTATION			
s:	TAND DESCR	RIPTIC	N:								
ľ	LAYER	нт	CVR	(>>	SPECIES IN OR MUCH GREATE	RDER OF DECREAS R THAN; > GREAT	ING E	OMINANCE (up to 4 sp) JT EQUAL TO)		
1	CANOPY					PICEabi=1		Udel:			
2	SUB-CANOPY			ULMUame = FRAXDON > QUERMAG							
3	UNDERSTOREY		CORNIGA > RHAM at > CORNER > C						> CRATES		
4	GRD. LAYER								- CONTRACT		
нт	CODES:	1 = >25 m	2 = 10<	HT 25 r	n 3 = 2 <ht 10="" m<="" th=""><th>4 = 1<ht 2="" 5="0.5</th" m=""><th><ht 1<="" th=""><th>m 6 = 0.2<ht< th=""><th>0.5 m 7 = HT<0.2 m</th></ht<></th></ht></th></ht></th></ht>	4 = 1 <ht 2="" 5="0.5</th" m=""><th><ht 1<="" th=""><th>m 6 = 0.2<ht< th=""><th>0.5 m 7 = HT<0.2 m</th></ht<></th></ht></th></ht>	<ht 1<="" th=""><th>m 6 = 0.2<ht< th=""><th>0.5 m 7 = HT<0.2 m</th></ht<></th></ht>	m 6 = 0.2 <ht< th=""><th>0.5 m 7 = HT<0.2 m</th></ht<>	0.5 m 7 = HT<0.2 m		
	R CODES	0= NONE				R 25% 3= 25 < CVR					
51.	AND COMPOSITIO	ON:							BA:		
SIZ	ZE CLASS ANAI	LYSIS:			< 10	10 - 24	4550	25 - 50	> 50		
ST	ANDING SNAG	S:		T	< 10	10 - 24	arching	25 - 50	> 50		
DE	ADFALL / LOGS	S:		T	< 10	10 - 24	(1998).	25 - 50	> 50		
AB	UNDANCE CODES	5: N	= NONE	R=	RARE O=	OCCASIONAL	A = Af	BUNDANT			
CC	MM. AGE :		PIONEER	₹	YOUNG	MID-AGE		MATURE	OLD GROWTH		
sc	DIL ANALYSIS	S:							<u>eken jiri</u>		
TE	XTURE:			DE	РТН ТО МОТ	TLES / GLEY	g =		G=		
MC	DISTURE:			DE	PTH OF ORGA	ANICS:		A Section	(cm)		
НО	MOGENEOUS	/ VAR	IABLE	DE	PTH TO BEDF	ROCK:			(cm)		
CC	MMUNITY C	LASS	IFICAT	ION:				ELC	CODE		
	COMMUNITY C	LASS:	: CU - CU								
-	COMMUNITY SI	ERIES:									
	ECC	OSITE:	E CUT								
	VEGETATION	TYPE:									
	INCLUSIO	N									
1	COMPLEX	(

ELC	SITE:									
	POLYGON:									
MANAGEMENT /	DATE:									
DISTURBANCE	SURVEYOR									
TIME SINCE LOGGING	0 > 30 YRS	1 15 - 30 YRS	2	3	SCORE					
INTENSITY OF LOGGING	NONE	FUEL WOOD	5 - 15 YRS	0 - 5 YEARS						
		(A)	SELECTIVE	DIAMETER LIMIT						
EXTENT OF LOGGING	NONE	LOCAL	WIDESPREAD	EXTENSIVE						
SUGAR BUSH OPERATIONS	NONE	LIGHT	MODERATE	HEAVY						
EXTENT OF OPERATIONS	NONE	LOCAL	WIDESPREAD	EXTENSIVE	Significant					
GAPS IN FOREST CANOPY	NONE	SMALL	INTERMEDIATE	LARGE						
EXTENT OF GAPS	NONE	LOCAL	WIDESPREAD	EXTENSIVE						
LIVESTOCK (GRAZING)	NONE	LIGHT	MODERATE	HEAVY						
EXTENT OF LIVESTOCK	NONE	LOCAL	WIDESPREAD	EXTENSIVE						
ALIEN SPECIES	NONE	OCCASIONAL.	ABUNDANT	DOMINANT						
EXTENT OF ALIEN SPECIES	NONE	LOCAL	WIDESPREAD	EXTENSIVE						
PLANTING (PLANTATION)	NONE	OCCASIONAL	ABUNDANT	DOMINANT						
EXTENT OF PLANTING	NONE	LOCAL	WIDESPREAD	EXTENSIVE	<u> </u>					
TRACKS AND TRAILS	NONE	FAINT TRAILS	WELL MARKED	TRACKS OR	2.0					
EXTENT OF TRACKS/TRAILS	NONE	LOCAL	WIDESPREAD	EXTENSIVE						
DUMPING (RUBBISH)	NONE	LIGHT	MODERATE	HEAVY	aye aye da					
EXTENT OF DUMPING	NONE	LOCAL	WIDESPREAD	EXTENSIVE						
EARTH DISPLACEMENT	NONE	LIGHT	MODERATE	HEAVY						
EXTENT OF DISPLACEMENT	NONE	LOCAL	WIDESPREAD	EXTENSIVE						
RECREATIONAL USE	NONE	LIGHT	MODERATE	HEAVY	1144. 3					
EXTENT OF RECR. USE	NONE	LOCAL	WIDESPREAD	EXTENSIVE						
NOISE	NONE	SLIGHT	MODERATE	INTENSE						
EXTENT OF NOISE	NONE	LOCAL	WIDESPREAD	EXTENSIVE						
DISEASE/DEATH OF TREES	NONE	LIGHT	MODERATE	HEAVY						
EXTENT OF DISEASE / DEATH	NONE	LOCAL	WIDESPREAD	EXTENSIVE						
WIND THROW (BLOW DOWN)	NONE	LIGHT	MODERATE	HEAVY						
EXTENT OF WIND THROW	NONE	LOCAL	WIDESPREAD	EXTENSIVE						
BROWSE (e.g. DEER)	NONE	LIGHT	MODERATE							
EXTENT OF BROWSE	NONE	LOCAL	WIDESPREAD	HEAVY						
BEAVER ACTIVITY	NONE	LIGHT	MODERATE	HEAVY	 					
EXTENT OF BEAVER	NONE	LOCAL	WIDESPREAD							
FLOODING (pools & puddling)	NONE	LIGHT	MODERATE	EXTENSIVE						
EXTENT OF FLOODING	NONE			HEAVY	LAT III					
FIRE		LOCAL	WIDESPREAD	EXTENSIVE						
	NONE	LIGHT	MODERATE	HEAVY						
EXTENT OF FIRE	NONE	LOCAL	WIDESPREAD	EXTENSIVE						
CE DAMAGE	NONE	LIGHT	MODERATE	HEAVY						
EXTENT OF ICE DAMAGE	NONE	LOCAL	WIDESPREAD	EXTENSIVE						
OTHER	NONE	LIGHT	MODERATE	HEAVY						
EXTENT	NONE	LOCAL	WIDESPREAD	EXTENSIVE						

FIC	SITE: 48887-100
PLANT	POLYGON: 2
SPECIES	DATE: May. 9,2021
LIST	SURVEYOR(S): Wbl
LAYERS: 1 = C	ANOPY 2 = SUB-CANOPY 3 = LINDERSTOREY 4 - CROUND (CRD) AND

	RARE 0 = OCCASIONAL A					A = ABUNDANT D = D			
SPECIES CODE	1	2	3	4	COL.		SPEC		
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RHAMCOT						1 22			
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SPECIES CODE	1	1	-253				
SPECIES CODE	1	2	2	3	4		COL.
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FIC	SITE:	2,36 (7,577)
DI ANT	POLYGON:	
PLANT SPECIES	DATE:	###
LIST	SURVEYOR(S):	

1 = CANOPY 2 = SUB-CANOPY 3 = UNDERSTOREY 4 = GROUND (GRD.) LAYER ABUNDANCE CODES: R = RARE O = OCCASIONAL A = ABUNDANT D = DOMINANT

SPECIES CODE	LAYER				COL.	ORFOLES SODE		LAYER			
OF EGILS CODE	1	2	3	4	COL.	SPECIES CODE	1	2	3	4	COL.
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	ELC	SITE:	481	١٦.	-10)	POLYGON: 3								
	COMMUNITY	SURVE	YOR(S)	: [DATE: MAR9	Ť	ΓIME: start						
	DESCRIPTION & CLASSIFICATION	UTMZ:	W (TUTA		<u> </u>		finish						
L		<u> </u>		1011	VIE:		TMN:							
F			PTION						and a					
L	SYSTEM	SUB	STRAT	E	TOPOGRAPHIC FEATURE	HISTORY	PL	ANT FORM	COMMUNITY					
Ę,	TERRESTRIAL	☐ ORG	SANIC	[LACUSTRINE	□ NATURAL		ANKTON	□LAKE					
-1_	WETLAND	MINERAL SOIL			RIVERINE BOTTOMLAND	CULTURAL	□ FI	JBMERGED .OATING-LVD.	POND RIVER					
ľ	JAQUATIC	L_	ENT MIN. DIC BEDRE		TERRACE VALLEY SLOPE		□ F	RAMINOID ORB	☐ STREAM ☐ MARSH					
		í	C BEDRK	10	TABLELAND ROLL. UPLAND		□ Bi	CHEN RYOPHYTE	☐ SWAMP ☐ FEN					
t	SITE	-l	B. BEDRK		☐ CLIFF ☐ TALUS		7 🗆 co	ECIDUOUS ONIFEROUS	□ BOG □ BARREN					
Ļ					CREVICE / CAVE	COVER	□м	IXED	☐ MEADOW ☐ PRAIRIE					
Ļ	OPEN WATER SHALLOW WATER			ļ	ROCKLAND BEACH / BAR	OPEN			☐ THICKET ☐ SAVANNAH					
ľ	SURFICIAL DEP. DBEDROCK			Ċ	」 SAND DUNE □ BLUFF	□ SHRUB □ TREED			☐ WOODLAND ☐ FOREST					
L		<u> </u>				L TREED	<u> </u>		LI PLANTATION					
STAND DESCRIPTION:														
L	LAYER	HT	CVR	(>	SPECIES IN ORDER OF DECREASING DOMINANCE (up to 4 sp) (>> MUCH GREATER THAN; > GREATER THAN; = ABOUT EQUAL TO)									
1	CANOPY	34	1	f	of Udel									
2	SUB-CANOPY		And the second s											
3	UNDERSTOREY	5	1 ROSAmut > CORNTOC											
4	GRD. LAYER							See and a						
	T CODES:	1 = >25 m	2 = 10<	HT 25	5 m 3 = 2 <ht 10="" m<="" th=""><th>4 = 1<ht 2="" 5="0.5</th" m=""><th>5<ht 1<="" th=""><th>m 6 = 0.2<ht< th=""><th>0.5 m 7 = HT<0.2 m</th></ht<></th></ht></th></ht></th></ht>	4 = 1 <ht 2="" 5="0.5</th" m=""><th>5<ht 1<="" th=""><th>m 6 = 0.2<ht< th=""><th>0.5 m 7 = HT<0.2 m</th></ht<></th></ht></th></ht>	5 <ht 1<="" th=""><th>m 6 = 0.2<ht< th=""><th>0.5 m 7 = HT<0.2 m</th></ht<></th></ht>	m 6 = 0.2 <ht< th=""><th>0.5 m 7 = HT<0.2 m</th></ht<>	0.5 m 7 = HT<0.2 m					
_	VR CODES TAND COMPOSITION		1= 0% <	CVR	10% 2 = 10 < CVR	25% 3 = 25 < CVR	60%	4= CVR > 60%						
L				BA:										
s	ZE CLASS ANAI	LYSIS:		Τ	< 10	10 - 24	24,000	25 - 50	> 50					
s	TANDING SNAG	S:		Т	< 10	10 - 24		25 - 50	> 50					
D	EADFALL / LOGS	S:		┪	< 10	10 - 24	over the	25 - 50	> 50					
ΑĒ	BUNDANCE CODES	5: N:	= NONE	R	= RARE 0 = 0	OCCASIONAL	A = A	BUNDANT						
C	OMM. AGE :		PIONEE	2	YOUNG	MID-AGE	,,,,,,,,,,,,,	MATURE	OLD					
_		_							GROWTH					
	OIL ANALYSI: EXTURE:	5:		In	EPTH TO MOTT	a =								
<u> </u>	OISTURE:			-	EPTH OF ORGA		g =							
ĸ	OMOGENEOUS	/ VARI	ABLE	-	EPTH TO BEDR			(cm)						
C	OMMUNITY C	LASSI	FICAT	101	l:			ELC	CODE					
	COMMUNITY	LASS:	CU	ر لـــ	TURAL									
	COMMUNITY SI	ERIES:	I		Dow	· ·		CU						
	ECC	OSITE:	1		ERAL		CUM							
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	VEGETATION	TYPE:												
	INCLUSIO	N												
COMPLEX														
ı	COMPLEX	(

ELC	SITE:										
	POLYGON:										
MANAGEMENT /	DATE:										
DISTURBANCE DISTURBANCE EXTENT	SURVEYOR(S):										
TIME SINCE LOGGING	0 > 30 YRS	1 15 - 30 YRS	2 5 - 15 YRS	3 0 - 5 YEARS	SCORE †						
INTENSITY OF LOGGING	NONE	FUEL WOOD									
and the second s		<u> </u>	SELECTIVE	DIAMETER LIMIT							
EXTENT OF LOGGING	NONE	LOCAL	WIDESPREAD	EXTENSIVE							
SUGAR BUSH OPERATIONS	NONE	LIGHT	MODERATE	HEAVY							
EXTENT OF OPERATIONS	NONE	LOCAL	WIDESPREAD	EXTENSIVE							
GAPS IN FOREST CANOPY	NONE	SMALL	INTERMEDIATE	LARGE	1						
EXTENT OF GAPS	NONE	LOCAL	WIDESPREAD	EXTENSIVE							
LIVESTOCK (GRAZING)	NONE	LIGHT	MODERATE	HEAVY	1						
EXTENT OF LIVESTOCK	NONE	LOCAL	WIDESPREAD	EXTENSIVE							
ALIEN SPECIES	NONE	OCCASIONAL	ABUNDANT	DOMINANT							
EXTENT OF ALIEN SPECIES	NONE	LOCAL	WIDESPREAD	EXTENSIVE							
PLANTING (PLANTATION)	NONE	OCCASIONAL.	ABUNDANT	DOMINANT							
EXTENT OF PLANTING	NONE	LOCAL	WIDESPREAD	EXTENSIVE	-						
TRACKS AND TRAILS	NONE	FAINT TRAILS	WELL MARKED	TRACKS OR							
EXTENT OF TRACKS/TRAILS	NONE	LOCAL	WIDESPREAD	EXTENSIVE	Later pytakina						
DUMPING (RUBBISH)	NONE	LIGHT	MODERATE	HEAVY							
EXTENT OF DUMPING	NONE	LOCAL	WIDESPREAD	EXTENSIVE							
EARTH DISPLACEMENT	NONE	LIGHT	MODERATE	HEAVY							
EXTENT OF DISPLACEMENT	NONE	LOCAL	WIDESPREAD	EXTENSIVE							
RECREATIONAL USE	NONE	LIGHT	MODERATE	HEAVY	1.000						
EXTENT OF RECR. USE	NONE	LOCAL	WIDESPREAD	EXTENSIVE							
NOISE	NONE	SLIGHT	MODERATE	INTENSE							
EXTENT OF NOISE	NONE	LOCAL	WIDESPREAD	EXTENSIVE							
DISEASE/DEATH OF TREES	NONE	LIGHT	MODERATE	HEAVY							
EXTENT OF DISEASE / DEATH	NONE	LOCAL	WIDESPREAD	EXTENSIVE							
WIND THROW (BLOW DOWN)	NONE	LIGHT	MODERATE	HEAVY							
EXTENT OF WIND THROW	NONE	LOCAL	WIDESPREAD								
BROWSE (e.g. DEER)	NONE	LIGHT	MODERATE	EXTENSIVE							
EXTENT OF BROWSE	NONE	LOCAL	WIDESPREAD								
BEAVER ACTIVITY	NONE	LIGHT		EXTENSIVE							
EXTENT OF BEAVER	NONE	LOCAL	MODERATE WIDESPREAD	HEAVY							
FLOODING (pools & puddling)	NONE	LIGHT	and the second	EXTENSIVE							
EXTENT OF FLOODING		State Section of the	MODERATE	HEAVY	4						
FIRE	NONE	LOCAL	WIDESPREAD	EXTENSIVE							
	NONE	LIGHT	MODERATE	HEAVY							
EXTENT OF FIRE	NONE	LOCAL	WIDESPREAD	EXTENSIVE							
ICE DAMAGE	NONE	LIGHT	MODERATE	HEAVY							
EXTENT OF ICE DAMAGE	NONE	LOCAL	WIDESPREAD	EXTENSIVE							
OTHER	NONE	LIGHT	MODERATE	HEAVY							
EXTENT	NONE	LOCAL	WIDESPREAD	EXTENSIVE							

ELC		SITE: 4(8807-100 POLYGON: 3 DATE: March 9 2024												
PLANT														
SPECIES														
LIST LAYERS: 1=	CANC	PY	JRVE 2 = SI	RVEYOR(S): () () () () () () () () () (
BUNDANCE CODES: R =								IND., LF	- 1 L.IX					
SDECIES CODE		LA	YER			lΓ			LA	YER	- 1	175		
SPECIES CODE	1	2	3	4	COL.		SPECIES CODE	1	2	3	4	COL.		
Popudel												Ang A		
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Appendix B

Mitigation Measures



GENERAL MITIGATION MEASURES FOR CONSTRUCTION ADJACENT TO HABITAT FOR SAR REPTILES

- **1. Awareness** Prior to conducting any work on site, project personnel and contractors should be made aware of the possible presence of protected snakes and their protection under the ESA 2007. Information materials to aid in species identification and encounter response should be provided to all personnel on site.
- 2. Vegetation Clearing Vegetation clearing, including grubbing, will occur when weather conditions are suitable to allow reptiles to flee (sunny and at least 18°C). Vegetation clearing and grubbing will occur in an orderly and systematic manner to direct wildlife movement in one direction, and to reduce the possibility of wildlife encounters with equipment. Vegetation clearing will occur under the supervision of a qualified biologist to ensure no reptiles or other Protected Species are harmed. Clearing of vegetation can occur without the supervision of a qualified biologist if it occurs during the inactive season (between December 1 and March 31) and no grubbing or belowground works are undertaken. Vegetation clearing during the inactive season should be performed in a manner that avoids soil compaction; vegetation can be cleared by hand, or cleared while the soil is frozen with light machinery that is equipped to reduce compaction. Removal of candidate bat maternity roost trees (trees with cavities or loose bark) must occur between September and April, outside the active bat season.
- 3. Exclusion Fencing Once vegetation has been cleared, geotextile fencing should be installed as snake exclusion barrier along the construction boundary. The geotextile fence should be at least 1.0 meters high from grade at all locations and buried at least 0.2 meters below grade. Exclusion fencing should extend out from its terminal edges by a distance of at least 5 meters and angle out or back at a 45° angle (whichever is most beneficial) to direct wildlife away from the construction site. Installation of fencing during the active season (April 1 to November 30) will be supervised by a qualified biologist. Outside the active season, fencing may be installed without the supervision of a qualified biologist.
- **4. Erosion Control** To prevent entanglement of wildlife, including Protected Snakes, mesh or netting-type material must not be used for erosion control. Net-free materials, such as Curlex Net-Free blanket, riprap over geotextile fabric, or similar alternative is recommended.
- **5. Equipment Inspection** Between April 1 and November 30th, all equipment and machinery that is left idle for over 1 hour, or overnight, on the property must be visually examined prior to (re)ignition, to ensure reptiles are not present within the machinery. This visual examination should include all lower components of the machinery, including operational extensions and running gear.
- **6. Encounters and Reporting** Any SAR or protected wildlife that is encountered on site must be protected from harm and harassment. Should a protected reptile be observed in the work area and presumed to be unharmed, all project personnel and operating machinery should maintain a minimum 30-meter distance from it at all times until it has left the area. Contact MECP immediately if this cannot be done. A large Rubbermaid-type container with ventilated lid should be kept on site at all times in the

event a SAR is injured or killed during the project. If a SAR is injured, it should be immediately transported in the container to a licensed Wildlife Custodian. During transport, the snake inside the container should be maintained at a temperature between 10 and 30°C. MECP will be contacted immediately if any SAR are harmed or killed during construction.

7. Site Management

The property should be clean and free of debris for any activities that occur during the active season for reptiles (April 1st to November 30th). Snakes may find and occupy materials and equipment stored on site and could be harmed when materials and debris are handled or used. The creation and duration of debris stockpiles within the development footprint should be limited. Materials such as excavated soils, lumber, and other construction materials should only be stored in areas that previously had understorey vegetation (1m or shorter), mowed to a height of 5 cm or shorter. Excavated soil should not be stored on the sites long term. Flat materials such as plywood or rubber mats should not be left lying on the ground. Any material stockpiles created on the property during the project must be visually examined for reptiles prior to disturbance or removal.

8. Site Maintenance – Cleared areas should be maintained at a height of 7-10cm. Allowing grass to grow greater than 15 cm in height could attract snakes to the construction sites.